

Package ‘letsRept’

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Title An Interface to the Reptile Database

Version 1.1.3

URL <https://joao-svalencar.github.io/letsRept/>

BugReports <https://github.com/joao-svalencar/letsRept/issues>

Description Provides tools to retrieve and summarize taxonomic information and synonymy data for reptile species using data scraped from The Reptile Database website (<<https://reptile-database.reptarium.cz/>>). Outputs include clean and structured data frames useful for ecological, evolutionary, and conservation research.

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Author João Paulo dos Santos Vieira-Alencar [aut, cre] (ORCID: <<https://orcid.org/0000-0001-6894-6773>>),
Christoph Liedtke [aut] (ORCID: <<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-6221-8043>>)

Maintainer João Paulo dos Santos Vieira-Alencar <joaopaulo.valencar@gmail.com>

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allReptiles	<i>Example dataset: allReptiles</i>
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Description

This dataset contains the valid names and url addresses for all reptile species cataloged in The Reptile Database.

Usage

allReptiles

Format

A dataframe (download: October 01st, 2026) with 12,687 rows and 8 variables:

- order** A species current order
- suborder** A species current suborder
- family** A species current family
- genus** A species current genus
- species** A character vector with known current valid name for all reptile species cataloged in The Reptile Database website
- year** A species description year
- author** The authors that described the species under the current valid name
- url** A character column with the respective url to access all reptile species cataloged in The Reptile Database website information

Source

The data was sampled from The Reptile Database website <https://reptile-database.reptarium.cz> using function `letsRept::reptSpecies()` with the url obtained from an 'Advanced search' set to exclude all reptile species described to the fictional planet Arrakis (-Arrakis).

`allSynonyms`*Example dataset: allSynonyms*

Description

This dataset contains the valid names and respective listed synonyms for all reptile species cataloged in The Reptile Database.

Usage`allSynonyms`**Format**

A dataframe with 55,590 rows and 2 variables:

species A character vector with known current valid name for all reptile species cataloged in The Reptile Database website (download: June 22nd, 2026)

synonym A character column with the respective synonyms for all reptile species cataloged in The Reptile Database website information (download: June 22nd, 2026)

Source

The data was sampled from The Reptile Database website <https://reptile-database.reptarium.cz> using function `letsRept::reptSynonyms(letsRept::allReptiles)`

`allSynonymsRef`*Example dataset: allSynonymsRef*

Description

This dataset contains the valid names and respective listed synonyms for all reptile species cataloged in The Reptile Database.

Usage`allSynonymsRef`

Format

A dataframe with 114,251 rows and 4 variables:

species A character vector with known current valid name for all reptile species cataloged in The Reptile Database website (download: October 01st, 2026)

synonym A character column with the respective synonyms for all reptile species cataloged in The Reptile Database website information (download: October 01st, 2026)

ref A character column with the synonyms and respective references that used it

refYear An integer with the publication year mentioning the referred synonyms

Source

The data was sampled from The Reptile Database website <https://reptile-database.reptarium.cz> using function `letsRept::reptSynonyms(letsRept::allReptiles)`

br_snakes_atlas	<i>Example dataset: br_snakes_atlas</i>
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Description

This dataset contains Table S3, the georeferenced type localities, from the supplementary material provided by Nogueira et al., (2019)

Usage

`br_snakes_atlas`

Format

A dataframe with 411 rows and 3 columns:

species A character vector with known current valid name for all reptile species cataloged in The Reptile Database website

latitude Latitude coordinates in decimal degrees

longitude Longitude coordinates in decimal degrees

Source

Nogueira et al. (2019) supplementary material, Table S3

References

Nogueira, C. C., Argôlo, A. J. S., Arzamendia, V., Azevedo, J. A. R., Barbo, F. E., Bérnils, R. S., ... & Martins, M. (2019). Atlas of Brazilian Snakes: Verified Point-Localities Maps to Mitigate the Wallacean Shortfall in a Megadiverse Snake Fauna. *South American Journal of Herpetology*, 14(sp1), 1–274. <http://dx.doi.org/10.2994/sajh-d-19-00120.1>

letsRept_ReptTraits	<i>Example dataset: letsRept_ReptTraits</i>
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Description

This dataset is a version of ReptTraits (Oskyrko et al. 2024) with two additional columns.

Usage

letsRept_ReptTraits

Format

A dataframe with 12,060 rows and 50 variables. The first three columns are:

- species** Species name as in the original ReptTraits database
- RDB** Current valid name according to the May 2025 version of the Reptile Database
- nomenclature.status** Status from reptSync and reptSplitCheck. Additional status are: "extinct" and "manual_fix"

Source

The original data source is from Oskyrko et al. (2024); The new nomenclature in the RDB column was collected from the Reptile Database website <https://reptile-database.reptarium.cz> using functions reptSync and reptSplitCheck

letsRept_SquamBase	<i>Example dataset: letsRept_SquamBase</i>
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Description

This dataset is a version of SquamBase (Meiri, 2024) with two additional columns.

Usage

letsRept_SquamBase

Format

A dataframe with 11,744 rows and 86 variables. The first three columns are:

- species** Species name as in the original SquamBase database
- RDB** Current valid name according to the May 2025 version of the Reptile Database
- nomenclature.status** Status from reptSync and reptSplitCheck. Additional status are: "extinct" and "manual_fix"

Source

The original data source is from Meiri (2024); The new nomenclature in the RDB column was collected from the Reptile Database website <https://reptile-database.reptarium.cz> using functions reptSync and reptSplitCheck

reptAdvancedSearch	<i>Search The Reptile Database website (RDB): Advanced</i>
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Description

Creates a search URL for retrieving species lists from RDB based on multiple filters. This URL is primarily used by reptSpecies, but can also be used manually for advanced queries.

If a synonym is provided and can be unambiguously matched to a valid species, the function also prints detailed information for that species.

Usage

```
reptAdvancedSearch(  
  higher = NULL,  
  genus = NULL,  
  year = NULL,  
  common_name = NULL,  
  synonym = NULL,  
  location = NULL,  
  verbose = TRUE,  
  exact = FALSE  
)
```

Arguments

higher	Character string. A higher-level reptile taxon above genus (e.g., "snakes" or "Boidae").
genus	Character string. The current valid name of a reptile genus (e.g., "Apostolepis").
year	Character string. Filters the search by year of species description (e.g., "2025").
common_name	Character string. A common name potentially linked to a species or genus (e.g., "tree boa").
synonym	Character string. A name potentially regarded as a synonym of a valid taxon (e.g., "Boa diviniloqua").
location	Character string. A country or region name used to list species expected to occur there.
verbose	Logical. To be passed to reptSpecies() in the case of a provided synonym corresponds unambiguously to a valid species. If TRUE, prints status messages and species information in the console. Default is TRUE.
exact	Logical. To return outputs that matches exactly the searched term (e.g., avoid returning genus "Boaedon" when searching for "Boa"). Default is FALSE.

Value

A character string containing the URL to be used in [reptSpecies](#).
If a provided synonym corresponds unambiguously to a valid species, the function also prints species information retrieved from RDB to the console.

Note

The argument `exact` does not work properly for searches using logical arguments (e.g. AND/OR). If you want to force an exact match (e.g., "Boa" as a phrase) with multiple terms (e.g., "Boa OR Apostolepis"), you must manually include quotes in the input string, e.g., "\"Boa\" OR Apostolepis".
Logical operators (e.g., OR, AND) are supported and will be properly formatted in the search. To exclude terms, use a leading minus sign (e.g., higher = "-snakes") following RDB's query syntax, instead of using NOT.
When a synonym is matched to a single valid species, the function will also display the species' full information as a side effect.

Examples

```
reptAdvancedSearch(higher = "snakes", year = "2010", location = "Brazil")
reptAdvancedSearch(year = "2010 OR 2011 OR 2012")
reptAdvancedSearch(genus = "Apostolepis OR \"Boa\" OR Atractus") #quotes "Boa"
```

reptCompare	<i>Compare species nomenclature between datasets or with Reptile Database Data</i>
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Description

This function compares a list of species (x) with another list (y), typically from the Reptile Database (RDB). If y is not provided, it defaults to using the internal object `allReptiles`, extracted from RDB (version: May, 2025). The function returns species from x that are either unmatched ("review") or matched with y or with `allReptiles`, if y is NULL. If y is provided and any species from x is a valid name according to RDB but is absent from y, it receives the status `absent`.

Usage

```
reptCompare(x = NULL, y = NULL, filter = NULL, compareDataset = FALSE)
```

Arguments

- x A character vector or a data frame containing a column named `species` with species names to be compared.
- y Optional. A character vector or a data frame containing a column named `species` to be compared. Defaults to the internal object `allReptiles`.

- filter** Optional. A character string or a vector of characters. If "review", returns only unmatched species. If "matched", returns only matched species. If "absent", returns only species from x that are absent from y. If NULL (default), returns a data frame with all species and respective statuses. Multiple filters can be concatenated and the resulting data frame will return all species with both status.
- compareDataset** Logical. If TRUE, assumes all input names are up-to-date and compares the input list with the reference database to identify any missing species.

Value

A character vector (if filter is "review", "matched" or "absent"), or a data frame with columns:

species Species names from x

status Comparison result: "review", "matched" or "absent"

If compareDataset = TRUE, then the function returns a vector of species from y that is absent from x.

Examples

```
my_species <- data.frame(species = c("Boa constrictor", "Pantherophis guttatus", "Fake species"))
reptCompare(my_species)
reptCompare(my_species, filter = "review")
reptCompare(my_species, filter = "matched")
```

reptRefs

Extract references from the Reptile Database

Description

Extract references from the Reptile Database

Usage

```
reptRefs(x = NULL, getLink = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x A binomial species name (e.g., "Boa constrictor").

getLink Logical; if TRUE, also returns associated links to references.

Value

A character vector of references (if getLink = FALSE), or a data frame with columns reference and link.

Examples

```
df <- reptRefs("Apostolepis adhara")
```

reptSearch

*Search for a Single Reptile Species in The Reptile Database (RDB)***Description**

Queries The Reptile Database (RDB) for information about a single reptile species using its binomial name.

Usage

```
reptSearch(binomial=NULL, getRef=FALSE, verbose=TRUE)
```

Arguments

binomial	Character string. The valid binomial name of a reptile species (e.g., "Boa constrictor").
getRef	Logical. If TRUE, returns the list of references from RDB associated with the species. Default is FALSE.
verbose	Logical. If TRUE, prints species information in the console. Default is TRUE.

Value

A list containing species information retrieved from The Reptile Database. If getRef = TRUE, returns references related to the species.

References

Uetz, P., Freed, P., & Hošek, J. (Eds.). (2025). The Reptile Database. Retrieved from <http://www.reptile-database.org>

See Also

[reptSynonyms](#), [reptSpecies](#) for related species data functions.

Examples

```
reptSearch("Boa constrictor")
reptSearch("Boa constrictor", getRef = TRUE)
```

reptSpecies

*Retrieve Reptile Species and Taxonomic Information from RDB***Description**

Retrieves a list of reptile species from The Reptile Database (RDB) based on a search URL, and optionally returns detailed taxonomic information for each species. This function can also save progress to disk during sampling and extract species-specific URLs for further use.

Usage

```
reptSpecies(
  url = NULL,
  showProgress = TRUE,
  dataList = NULL,
  taxonomicInfo = FALSE,
  fullHigher = FALSE,
  getLink = FALSE,
  cores = 1
)
```

Arguments

url	Character string. A search URL generated via an advanced search on the RDB website or with reptAdvancedSearch .
showProgress	Logical. If TRUE, prints sampling progress in the console. Default is FALSE.
dataList	Optional. A data frame with columns species and url, used to extract taxonomic information from previously sampled species links.
taxonomicInfo	Logical. If TRUE, returns taxonomic information for each species, including order, suborder, family, genus, author, and year. Default is FALSE.
fullHigher	Logical. If TRUE, includes the full higher taxonomic hierarchy as reported by RDB (e.g., including subfamilies). Requires taxonomicInfo = TRUE. Default is FALSE.
getLink	Logical. If TRUE, includes the RDB URL for each species (useful for follow-up functions like reptSynonyms). Default is FALSE.
cores	Integer. Number of CPU cores to use for parallel processing. Default is cores = 1.

Value

If taxonomicInfo = FALSE (default), returns a character vector of species names.

If taxonomicInfo = TRUE, returns a data frame with columns: order, suborder (if available), family, genus, species, author, and year.

If fullHigher = TRUE, includes an additional column with the full higher taxa classification.

If getLink = TRUE, includes a column with the URL for each species' page on RDB.

See Also

[reptAdvancedSearch](#), [reptSynonyms](#), [reptSearch](#)

Examples

```
boa <- reptSpecies(reptAdvancedSearch(genus = "Boa"),
                  taxonomicInfo = TRUE,
                  cores = 2)
```

reptSplitCheck	<i>Check for potential taxonomic splits in a query</i>
----------------	--

Description

Check for potential taxonomic splits in a query

Usage

```
reptSplitCheck(
  x,
  pubDate = NULL,
  includeAll = FALSE,
  verbose = FALSE,
  cores = 1,
  showProgress = TRUE,
  exact = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

x	A character vector of species names to check. Usually from a database.
pubDate	Integer. An year (e.g., 2019) used as a reference date from when to check potential taxonomic split. Either a single year applied to all queried species, or a vector of years with the same length as x, providing a reference year for each species individually.
includeAll	Logical; If TRUE, include all species described since pubDate regardless of if it is already included in the queried species list. Default is FALSE
verbose	Logical; If TRUE, prints progress messages. Default is TRUE.
cores	Integer. Number of CPU cores to use for parallel processing. Default is cores = 1.
showProgress	Logical. If TRUE, prints data sampling progress. Default is TRUE.
exact	Logical. Will search queried names for exact matches only (e.g., does not retrieve "Tantilla cf. melanocephala" when searching for "Tantilla melanocephala"). Default is FALSE.

Value

A data frame with the following columns:

- query: the original input names.
- RDB: the best-matching valid names according to The Reptile Database.
- status: a status label indicating the result of the match ("check_split", "up_to_date", "not_found", or "failed").

Examples

```
query <- c(
  "Atractus dapsilis",
  "Atractus trefauti",
  "Atractus snethlageae",
  "Tantilla melanocephala",
  "Oxybelis aeneus",
  "Oxybelis rutherfordi",
  "Vieira-Alencar authoristicus",
  "Oxybelis aeneus",
  "Bothrops pauloensis")

result <- reptSplitCheck(x=query,
                        pubDate = 2019,
                        cores = 2,
                        showProgress = FALSE)

result <- reptSplitCheck(x=query,
                        pubDate = 2019,
                        cores = 2,
                        showProgress = FALSE,
                        includeAll = TRUE)
```

reptStats

Summarize Taxonomic Composition

Description

This function summarizes the taxonomic content of a species list, typically an object created with `reptSpecies` with higher taxa information. If no object is provided it summarizes the internal dataset `allReptiles`.

Usage

```
reptStats(
  x = letsRept::allReptiles,
  verbose = FALSE,
```

```

    order = NULL,
    suborder = NULL,
    family = NULL,
    genus = NULL
  )

```

Arguments

x	A data frame containing reptile taxonomy data. Defaults to the internal dataset <code>letsRept::allReptiles</code> .
verbose	Logical. If TRUE, returns a list of taxon names by rank. If FALSE (default), returns a summary table of counts.
order	Optional. A character string specifying a taxonomic order to filter by (e.g., "Squamata").
suborder	Optional. A character string specifying a taxonomic suborder to filter by (e.g., "Serpentes").
family	Optional. A character string specifying a family to filter by (e.g., "Elapidae").
genus	Optional. A character string specifying a genus to filter by (e.g., "Micrurus").

Details

The output can be either a compact table with taxonomic unit counts or a verbose list of names within each rank.

Optional arguments allow the user to filter the dataset by specific taxonomic levels (e.g., order, suborder, family, genus) before summarizing.

Value

Either a named list of taxonomic units (`verbose = TRUE`) or a data frame with taxonomic ranks and the number of units per rank (`verbose = FALSE`).

Examples

```

# Basic usage with default dataset
reptStats()

# Verbose summary listing elements in each rank
reptStats(verbose = TRUE)

# Filter by family and return summary table
reptStats(family = "Elapidae")

# Combine filters and return list
reptStats(suborder = "Serpentes", verbose = TRUE)

```

reptSync

*Synchronize Species Names Using The Reptile Database***Description**

Queries a list of species names through `reptSearch()` and returns a data frame with the currently valid names and taxonomic status for each input.

Usage

```
reptSync(
  x,
  solveAmbiguity = TRUE,
  cores = 1,
  showProgress = TRUE,
  getLink = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	A character vector of taxon names to be matched (e.g., species lists, phylogenetic tip labels, or trait table entries).
<code>solveAmbiguity</code>	Logical. If TRUE, attempts to resolve ambiguous names by retrieving all possible valid species to which the query may refer. Default is TRUE.
<code>cores</code>	Integer. Number of CPU cores to use for parallel processing. Default is <code>cores = 1</code> .
<code>showProgress</code>	Logical. If TRUE, displays progress updates during processing. Default is TRUE.
<code>getLink</code>	Logical. If TRUE, retrieves searched species URLs. Defaults if FALSE.

Value

A data frame with the following columns:

- `query`: the original input names.
- `RDB`: the best-matching valid names according to The Reptile Database.
- `status`: a status label indicating the result of the match ("`up_to_date`", "`updated`", "`updated_typo`", "`ambiguous`", "`merge`", or "`not_found`").
- `url`: Optional, if `getLink = TRUE` returns the URL of the species page retrieved for each match, or a list of possible matches if ambiguous.

Note

reptSync() does not make authoritative taxonomic decisions. It matches input names against currently accepted names in The Reptile Database (RDB). A name marked as "up_to_date" may still refer to a taxon that has been split, and thus may not reflect the most recent population-level taxonomy.

For ambiguous names, the url field may contain multiple links corresponding to all valid species to which the queried name is considered a synonym.

See package vignettes for more details.

References

Liedtke, H. C. (2018). AmphiNom: an amphibian systematics tool. *Systematics and Biodiversity*, 17(1), 1–6. <https://doi.org/10.1080/14772000.2018.1518935>

Examples

```
query <- c("Vieira-Alencar authoristicus", "Boa atlantica", "Boa diviniloqua", "Boa imperator")
```

```
reptSync(x = query, cores = 2)
```

reptSynonyms

Retrieve Synonyms for Reptile Species from RDB

Description

Retrieves a data frame containing the current valid names of reptile species along with all their recognized synonyms, as listed in The Reptile Database (RDB). Optionally, the references citing each synonym can also be included.

Usage

```
reptSynonyms(x, getRef = FALSE, showProgress = TRUE, cores = 1)
```

Arguments

x	A character string with a species binomial or a data frame with columns species and url, typically the output of reptSpecies with getLink = TRUE.
getRef	Logical. If TRUE, includes the reference(s) in which each synonym was mentioned. Default is FALSE.
showProgress	Logical. If TRUE, prints data sampling progress. Default is TRUE.
cores	Integer. Number of CPU cores to use for parallel processing. Default is cores = 1.

Value

A data frame with columns:

- species: The valid species name according to RDB.
- synonym: Recognized synonyms and chresonyms for the species. Chresonyms are usually separated from authors with an emdash.
- reference (optional): If getRef = TRUE, the citation where the synonym was reported.

References

Uetz, P., Freed, P., Aguilar, R., Reyes, F., Kuder, J., & Hošek, J. (eds.) (2025). The Reptile Database. Retrieved from <http://www.reptile-database.org>

See Also

[reptSpecies](#), [reptAdvancedSearch](#)

Examples

```
# Filter species belonging to genus Boa
boa <- letsRept::allReptiles[grep("^Boa\\s", letsRept::allReptiles$species), ]

# Retrieve synonyms (without references)
boa_syn <- reptSynonyms(boa, getRef = FALSE, cores = 2)
Bconstrictor_syn <- reptSynonyms(x = "Boa constrictor")
```

reptTidySyn

Printing reptSync and reptSplitCheck outcomes in a tidy way

Description

Prints the data frame derived from reptSync or reptSplitCheck in a tidy way. Optionally, it filters the data frame for species with unresolved nomenclature only.

Usage

```
reptTidySyn(df, filter = NULL)
```

Arguments

df	The data frame derivated from reptSync
filter	Logical. If TRUE will print only the species entries with unresolved nomenclature (e.g.: ambiguous or not_found). Default is TRUE

Value

Invisibly returns NULL. Used for side-effect printing only.

Examples

```
df <- data.frame(
  query = c("Genus epithet 1",
            "Genus epithet 2",
            "Genus epithet 3",
            "Genus epithet 4",
            "Genus epithet 5"),
  RDB = c("Genus epithet 1.1; Genus epithet 1.2",
          "Genus epithet 2",
          "Genus epithet 3",
          "Not found",
          "Genus epithet 5.1; Genus epithet 5.2; Genus epithet 5.3"),
  status = c("ambiguous",
             "updated",
             "up_to_date",
             "not_found",
             "ambiguous"),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)
reptTidySyn(df, filter = c("ambiguous", "not_found"))
```

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