Package 'reformulas'

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Title Machinery for Processing Random Effect Formulas
Version 0.2.0
Description Takes formulas including random-effects components (formatted as in 'lme4', 'glmmTMB', etc.) and processes them. Includes various helper functions.
<pre>URL https://github.com/bbolker/reformulas</pre>
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2 findReTrmClasses

anySpecial

Detect whether there are any 'specials' in a formula term

Description

Detect whether there are any 'specials' in a formula term

Usage

```
anySpecial(term, specials = findReTrmClasses())
```

Arguments

term

formula term

specials

values to detect

Value

logical value

expandGrpVar

apply

Description

apply

Usage

```
expandGrpVar(f)
```

Arguments

f

a language object (an atom of a formula) expandGrpVar(quote(x*y)) expandGrpVar(quote(x/y))

findReTrmClasses

list of specials - taken from enum.R

Description

list of specials - taken from enum.R

Usage

```
findReTrmClasses()
```

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mkReTrms Create list of structures needed for models with random effects
--

Description

From the result of findbars applied to a model formula and the evaluation frame, create the model matrix, etc. associated with random-effects terms. See the description of the returned value for a detailed list.

Usage

```
mkReTrms(
  bars,
  fr,
  drop.unused.levels = TRUE,
  reorder.terms = TRUE,
  reorder.vars = FALSE,
  calc.lambdat = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

bars a list of parsed random-effects terms

fr a model frame in which to evaluate these terms

drop.unused.levels

(logical) drop unused factor levels?

reorder.terms arrange random effects terms in decreasing order of number of groups (factor

levels)'

reorder.vars arrange columns of individual random effects terms in alphabetical order?

calc.lambdat (logical) compute Lambdat and Lind components? (At present these compo-

nents are needed for 1me4 machinery but not for glmmTMB, and may be large in

some cases; see Bates et al. 2015

Value

a list with components

Zt transpose of the sparse model matrix for the random effects

Ztlist list of components of the transpose of the random-effects model matrix, sepa-

rated by random-effects term

Lambdat transpose of the sparse relative covariance factor

Lind an integer vector of indices determining the mapping of the elements of the

theta to the "x" slot of Lambdat

theta initial values of the covariance parameters
lower lower bounds on the covariance parameters

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flist	list of grouping factors used in the random-effects terms
cnms	a list of column names of the random effects according to the grouping factors
Gp	a vector indexing the association of elements of the conditional mode vector with random-effect terms; if nb is the vector of numbers of conditional modes per term (i.e. number of groups times number of effects per group), Gp is $c(0,cumsum(nb))$ (and conversely nb is $diff(Gp)$)
nl	names of the terms (in the same order as Zt, i.e. reflecting the reorder.terms argument)

References

Bates D, Mächler M, Bolker B, Walker S (2015). "Fitting Linear Mixed-Effects Models Using lme4." *Journal of Statistical Software*, **67**(1), 1–48. doi:10.18637/jss.v067.i01.)

See Also

Other utilities: nobars(), subbars()

nobars

Omit terms separated by vertical bars in a formula

Description

Remove the random-effects terms from a mixed-effects formula, thereby producing the fixed-effects formula.

Usage

nobars(term)

Arguments

term

the right-hand side of a mixed-model formula

Value

the fixed-effects part of the formula

Note

This function is called recursively on individual terms in the model, which is why the argument is called term and not a name like form, indicating a formula.

See Also

```
formula, model.frame, model.matrix.
Other utilities: mkReTrms(), subbars()
```

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Examples

```
nobars(Reaction ~ Days + (Days|Subject)) ## => Reaction ~ Days
```

no_specials

Drop 'specials' from a formula

Description

Drop 'specials' from a formula

Usage

```
no_specials(term, specials = c("|", "|", "s"))
```

Arguments

term a term or formula or list thereof

specials function types to drop

Value

a call or language object (or list) with specials removed

Examples

```
no_specials(findbars_x(~ 1 + s(x) + (f|g) + diag(x|y))) no_specials(~us(f|g))
```

 ${\tt RHSForm}$

extract right-hand side of a formula

Description

extract right-hand side of a formula

Usage

```
RHSForm(form, as.form = FALSE)
```

Arguments

form a formula object

as.form (logical) return a formula (TRUE) or as a call/symbolic object (FALSE)?

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Value

```
a language object
```

Examples

```
RHSForm(y \sim x + (1|g))
```

subbars

"Substitute bars"

Description

Substitute the '+' function for the 'l' and 'll' function in a mixed-model formula. This provides a formula suitable for the current model.frame function.

Usage

```
subbars(term)
```

Arguments

term

a mixed-model formula

Value

the formula with all | and || operators replaced by +

Note

This function is called recursively on individual terms in the model, which is why the argument is called term and not a name like form, indicating a formula.

See Also

```
formula, model.frame, model.matrix.
Other utilities: mkReTrms(), nobars()
```

Examples

```
subbars(Reaction ~ Days + (Days|Subject)) ## => Reaction ~ Days + (Days + Subject)
```

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